Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1 a i	¹¹⁸ Sn 50p 68n 50e Complete row ✓	1	
ii	¹²⁰ ₅₀ Sn has (two) more neutrons / 70 neutrons ✓ ora	1	ALLOW There is a different number of neutrons IGNORE correct reference to protons / electrons DO NOT ALLOW incorrect references to protons / electrons ALLOW ECF for stated number of neutrons from 1a(i)
b i	 The (weighted) mean mass of an atom (of an element) OR The (weighted) average mass of an atom (of an element) ✓ 	3	ALLOW average atomic mass DO NOT ALLOW mean mass of an element ALLOW mean mass of isotopes OR average mass of isotopes DO NOT ALLOW the singular; 'isotope'
	compared with 1/12th (the mass) \checkmark		For second and third marking points ALLOW compared with (the mass of) carbon-12 which is 12
	of (one atom of) carbon-12 ✓		ALLOW mass of one mole of atoms ✓ compared to 1/12th ✓ (mass of) one mole OR 12g of carbon-12 ✓ ALLOW mass of one mole of atoms 1/12th mass of one mole OR 12g of carbon-12
C	moles of Sn = $\frac{2080}{118.7}$ = 17.52 \checkmark 17.52 × 6.02 × 10 ²³ = 1.05 × 10 ²⁵ atoms \checkmark	2	ALLOW 17.5 up to (correctly rounded) calculator value of 17.52316765 DO NOT ALLOW use of 118, which makes moles of Sn = 17.63 ALLOW 105 × 10 ²³ atoms DO NOT ALLOW answers which are not to three sig figs for second marking point ALLOW two marks for answer only of 1.05×10^{25} ALLOW one mark for answer only if not 3 sig figs up to calculator value of $1.054894693 \times 10^{25}$ Eg 100 × 1 ALLOW ECF for any calculated moles of Sn (based on use of any A_r value) × 6.02×10^{23} if shown to 3 sig figs DO NOT ALLOW mass of Sn × 6.02×10^{23}
C	moles of Sn = $\frac{2080}{118.7}$ = 17.52 \checkmark 17.52 × 6.02 × 10 ²³ = 1.05 × 10 ²⁵ atoms \checkmark	2	(mass of) one mole OR 12g of carbon-12 \checkmark ALLOW <u>mass of one mole OR 12g of carbon-12</u> ALLOW 17.5 up to (correctly rounded) calculator value of 17.523 DO NOT ALLOW use of 118, which makes moles of Sn = 17.63 ALLOW 105 × 10 ²³ atoms DO NOT ALLOW answers which are not to three sig figs for sec point ALLOW two marks for answer only of 1.05×10^{25} ALLOW one mark for answer only if not 3 sig figs up to calculator 1.054894693 × 10 ²⁵ Eg 100 × 1 ALLOW ECF for any calculated moles of Sn (based on use of a 6.02×10^{23} if shown to 3 sig figs DO NOT ALLOW mass of Sn × 6.02×10^{23}

Qu	Question		Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidance	
1	d		78.8 and	<u>21.2</u>		2	ALLOW SnO ₂ for one mark if no working shown
			118.7	16.0			ALLOW use of 118 for this part
			OR				
			= 0.66(4) and	= 1.3(25)	\checkmark		IGNORE incorrect rounding provided given to two sig figs
							IGNORE incorrect symbols e.g. T or Ti for Tin, as long as correct A_r of tin (118.7
			$\frac{0.66(4)}{0.66(4)} = 1$	$\frac{1.325}{0.00(4)} = 2$			or 118) used
			0.66(4)	0.66(4)			
			ans - SnO. $$				ALLOW Sn-O for 1 mark ECE if both inverted mole calculations are shown
			$a_{13} = 010_2$ ·				ALLOW Sh20 for 1 mark EGF in both inverted mole calculations are shown
							ALLOW Sn ₃ O ₅ with evidence of use of both atomic numbers for one mark
							ALLOW 2 marks if candidate has adopted the following approach
							78.8% of mass = 118.7
							100% of mass = 1187/0788 = 150.6 (151)
							150.6 - 118.7 = 31.9 (32) Both masses would get one mark
							31.9/16 = 2
					Total	9	

Q	uesti	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	а	i	Any two from ✓✓ H ⁺ SO₄ ²⁻ HSO₄ ⁻	2 max	DO NOT ALLOW OH ⁻ IGNORE state symbols Charge is essential ALLOW H_3O^+ for H^+ and SO_4^{-2} for SO_4^{2-} One answer incorrect = 1 mark max Two answers incorrect = 0 marks
		ii	Effervescence OR fizzing OR bubbling OR gas produced \checkmark K ₂ CO ₃ dissolves OR disappears OR colourless solution is formed \checkmark H ₂ SO ₄ + K ₂ CO ₃ \rightarrow K ₂ SO ₄ + CO ₂ + H ₂ O \checkmark	3	DO NOT ALLOW 'carbon dioxide produced' without 'gas' DO NOT ALLOW incorrectly named gas produced DO NOT ALLOW 'precipitate forms' = CON ALLOW 'it' for K ₂ CO ₃ DO NOT ALLOW mark for 'dissolves' from state symbols in equation DO NOT ALLOW 'potassium' IGNORE state symbols ALLOW ionic equation
	b	i	$\frac{24.6}{1000}$ × 0.100 = 0.00246 mol ✓ (2.46 × 10 ⁻³ mol) 1000	1	DO NOT ALLOW 0.0025 as this would lead to 100% in part (iii) DO NOT ALLOW 0.0024 due to incorrect rounding
		ii	$0.00246 \times 2 = 0.00492 \text{ mol } \checkmark (4.92 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol})$	1	ALLOW ECF for ans (i) × 2
			Moles of NaOH in 250 cm ² = $0.00492 \times \frac{250}{25} = 0.0492 \text{ mol }\checkmark$ Mass of NaOH in original sample = $0.0492 \times 40.0 = 1.968 \text{ g }\checkmark$ % purity $1.968 \times 100 = 98.4\% \checkmark$ 2.00	3	ALLOW ECF for ans (II) \times 10 ALLOW 1.97g ALLOW ECF for moles of NaOH \times 40 ALLOW 98.5% (from use of 1.97) ALLOW ECF for <u>mass of NaOH</u> \times 100 2.00 DO NOT ALLOW ECF for 3rd marking point if answer >100% ALLOW ECF for 3rd marking point if answer = 100%
			Total	10	ALLOW molar approach for second and third marks i.e. mol of (expected) NaOH in 2.00 g = $2/40 = 0.05(00)$ mol $(0.0492/0.0500) \times 100 = 98.4\%$ 1.6% (the percentage of the impurity present) is likely to be 2 marks, but please check 9.84% has not multiplied up by 10 for first marking point is likely to be 2 marks, but please check
			lotal	10	

Qu	esti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	а		3d 4p ✓	1	Correct order is essential ALLOW '3D'
	b	i	A region (within an atom) that can hold (up to) two electrons ✓ (with opposite spin)	1	ALLOW 'can be found' for 'can hold' ALLOW 'area' OR 'volume' OR 'space' for region DO NOT ALLOW 'place' for region DO NOT ALLOW path of an electron IGNORE references to 'orbitals being parts of sub-shells'
		ii	11 ✓	1	
	С		18 🗸	1	
	d	i	2nd, 3rd OR 1817, 2745 ✓ 10th, 11th OR 38458, 42655 ✓	2	Mark as pairs IGNORE references to 12th and 13th Three answers with one correct pair = 1 mark Four answers with one correct pair = 1 mark Five answers with both pairs correct = 1 mark Five answers with only one pair correct = 0 marks Six (or more) answers = 0 marks
		ii	$Al^{2+}(g) \rightarrow Al^{3+}(g) + e^{-\sqrt{4}}$	2	ALLOW $Al^{2^+}(g) - e^- \rightarrow Al^{3^+}(g)$ for 2 marks ALLOW 1 mark for $Al(g) \rightarrow Al^{3^+}(g) + 3e^-$ as states are correct ALLOW 1 mark for $Al^{2^+}(g) + 2e^- \rightarrow Al^{3^+}(g) + 3e^-$ as states are correct ALLOW 1 mark if symbol of Al is incorrect, but equation is otherwise fully correct. ALLOW e for electron (i.e. no charge) IGNORE states on electron
			Total	8	

Que	esti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	а	i	1 = purple / lilac / violet / pink / mauve ✓	2	ALLOW any combination of these but no others for 1
			S = 0range ▼		DO NOT ALLOW 'precipitate' in either
			$Cl \pm 2Br^{-} \rightarrow 2Cl^{-} \pm Br \sqrt{2}$	1	IGNORE state symbols
					ALLOW correct multiples including fractions
		iii	Addition of $Br_2(aq)$ to $I^-(aq)$ ions \checkmark	1	 ALLOW Addition of bromine to iodide (i.e. aqueous not needed) DO NOT ALLOW Addition of bromine to iodine ALLOW Addition of I₂ to Br⁻, but NOT if accompanied by description of displacement of bromine ALLOW Br₂ + I⁻ even if seen in an unbalanced equation
	b	i	Cl ₂ is 0 AND HCl is −1 AND HClO is (+)1 \checkmark	3	ALLOW 1– ALLOW 1+ Oxidation states may be seen above the equation DO NOT ALLOW CI ⁻ in HCI DO NOT ALLOW CI ⁺ in HCIO in text of answer DO NOT ALLOW chlorIDE in place of 'chlorine'
			Chlorine has been both oxidised and reduced OR Chlorine's oxidation state has increased and decreased ✓		IF CORRECT OXIDATION STATES ARE SEEN, ALLOW second and third marking points for: Chlorine is oxidised to form HCIO Chlorine is reduced to form HCI ALLOW CI or Cl ₂ for 'chlorine'
			Chlorine has been oxidised (from 0) to +1 AND chlorine has been reduced (from 0) to −1 ✓ (These two points together subsume the second marking point)		IGNORE reference to electron loss / gain if correct DO NOT ALLOW 3rd mark for reference to electron loss / gain if incorrect ALLOW one mark for 'disproportionation is when a species is both oxidised and reduced' if chlorine / chloride is not mentioned
		ii	Kills bacteria OR 'kills germs' kills micro-organisms OR makes water safe to drink OR sterilises water ✓ OR 'disinfects'	1	ALLOW to make water potable ALLOW 'removes' for 'kills' IGNORE 'virus' IGNORE 'purifies water'
	С	i	Thermal decomposition ✓	1	DO NOT ALLOW just 'decomposition' or 'thermodecomposition'
		ii	$\frac{1.47}{84.3} = 0.0174 \text{ mol of MgCO}_3 \checkmark$	2	ALLOW mol of MgCO ₃ as calculator value of 0.017437722 or correct rounding to 2 sig figs or more DO NOT ALLOW 0.0175 (this has taken M_r of MgCO ₃ as 84)
			$0.0174 \times 24.0 = 0.418 \text{ dm}^3$ OR (Calculator value × 24.0) = 0.419 dm ³ ✓		ALLOW, for 2nd mark calculated moles of $MgCO_3 \times 24(.0)$ as calculator value or correct rounding to 2 sig figs or more [e.g. $0.017 \times 24(.0) = 0.408$] DO NOT ALLOW 84.3 or $1.47 \times 24(.0)$ as no mole calculation has been done ALLOW two marks for correct answer with no working shown

Que	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	C	iii	The ease of (thermal) decomposition decreases (down the group) ora ✓	1	ALLOW (thermal) stability increases IGNORE more heat would be needed IGNORE 'takes longer' or 'is slower' IGNORE reference to trend in reactivity IGNORE answers which include 'more / less mol of CO ₂ '
			Total	15	

Qu	esti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	а		(+) $(+)$	3	Lattice diagram must have at least two rows of correctly charged ions and a minimum of 2 ions per row
			(+) $(+)$		ALLOW as label: + ions, positive ions, cations If '+' is unlabelled in diagram, award label from a correct statement within the text below
			Scattering of labelled electrons between other		DO NOT ALLOW 2+, 3+ etc ions DO NOT ALLOW for label or in text: nuclei OR positive atom OR protons
			species OR		ALLOW e ⁻ OR e as label for electron
			a statement anywhere of delocalised electrons (can be in text or in diagram) ✓		
			The attraction between + ions and e^- is strong OR metallic bonding is strong \checkmark		ALLOW a lot of energy is needed to break the (metallic) bond
					DO NOT ALLOW incorrect particles or incorrect attraction e.g. 'intermolecular attraction' or 'nuclear attraction'
	b	i	$F = F$ Dot and cross bond + 6 matching electrons on each F atom \checkmark	1	ALLOW diagram consisting of all dots OR all crosses Circles not essential ALLOW 'FI' for fluorine
		ii	F_2 has induced dipoles OR temporary dipoles OR van der Waals' forces (between the molecules) \checkmark which are weak \checkmark	2	ALLOW little energy needed to overcome intermolecular bonding for second mark ALLOW 'weak' intermolecular bonding for second mark ALLOW max 1 mark if structure is referred to as giant with first and second marking points correct Award no marks if 'weak' is applied to incorrect bonding. E.g. ionic, covalent, metallic or unspecified bonding

Qu	esti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	C	i	$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{bmatrix}^{+} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{v} \\ \mathbf{v} \end{bmatrix}^{-}$ Li shown with either 2 or 0 electrons and F shown with 8 electrons with 7 crosses and one dot (or <i>vice</i> <i>versa</i>) \checkmark correct charges on both ions \checkmark	2	For first mark, if 2 electrons are shown in the cation then the 'extra' electron in the anion must match symbol chosen for electrons in the cation IGNORE inner shell electrons ALLOW 'FI' for fluorine Circles not essential DO NOT ALLOW Li ⁺ with 8 electrons
		ii	Ions cannot move in a solid ✓ Ions can move OR are mobile when molten ✓	2	ALLOW ions are fixed in place IGNORE electrons IGNORE 'charge carriers' or 'charged particles' DO NOT ALLOW ions can move when in solution IGNORE charge carriers IGNORE 'delocalised ions' or 'free ions' ALLOW 'Ions can only move when molten' for one mark Any mention of electrons moving when molten is a CON
	d	i	$2B + 3F_2 \longrightarrow 2BF_3 \checkmark$	1	ALLOW B ₂ ALLOW multiples including fractions
		ii	Shape: trigonal planar ✓ Bond angle: 120° ✓ Explanation: Pairs of electrons repel (one another equally) ✓	4	'Trigonal planar' must be seen and spelt correctly at least ONCE DO NOT ALLOW 'atoms repel' or 'electrons repel'
			Boron has 3 bonded pairs (and 0 lone pairs) ✓		ALLOW 'bonds repel' ALLOW diagram showing B atom with three dot-and-cross pairs of electrons, but no lone pairs for 4th mark Must refer to boron / central atom ALLOW 'bonds' for 'bonded pairs'

Qu	esti	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	e		F is more electronegative than N OR ${}^{\delta^+}F-N^{\delta^+} \checkmark$ Dipoles do not cancel OR	2	ALLOW F attracts electrons more than N ALLOW N has a partial positive charge and F has a partial negative charge (partial must be seen) DO NOT ALLOW diagrams that contradict statements about polarity
			NF_3 is pyramidal (in words) / asymmetrical \checkmark		ALLOW unsymmetrical, non-symmetrical etc
	f		(As you go across the period) The atomic radii decreases ✓ The nuclear charge increases OR protons increase ✓	4	Use annotations with ticks, crosses ECF etc. for this part Assume 'across the period from Li to F' ALLOW (outer shell) electrons get closer (to nucleus) IGNORE 'atomic number increases', but ALLOW 'proton number' increases IGNORE 'nucleus gets bigger' 'Charge increases' is insufficient ALLOW 'effective nuclear charge increases' OR 'shielded nuclear charge increases' Nuclear OR proton(s) OR nucleus spelt correctly ONCE and used in context of 2nd marking point
			electrons are added to the same shell OR shielding remains the same ✓		ALLOW shielding is similar ALLOW screening for shielding DO NOT ALLOW 'subshells' DO NOT ALLOW 'distance is similar' This will CON first marking point
			great er (nuclear) attraction on (outer) electrons / (outer) shell(s) ✓		ALLOW 'greater (nuclear) pull for greater nuclear attraction' DO NOT ALLOW 'pulled in more' as this is a restatement of the first marking point
			Total	21	

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