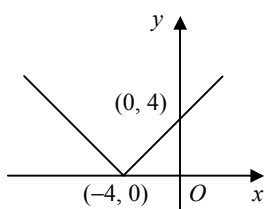


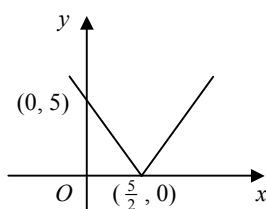
1 a 2 b 1 c 6 d -2 e 4 f -3

2 a $= g(-3)$ b $= f(1)$ c $= f(9)$ d $= g(5)$ e $= g(0)$ f $= f(1)$
 $= 5$ $= 0$ $= 96$ $= 11$ $= 1$ $= 0$

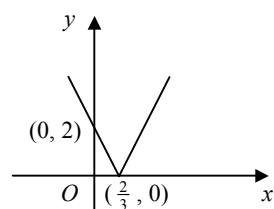
3 a



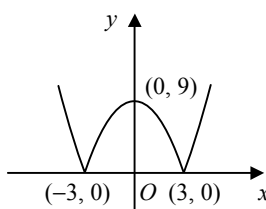
b



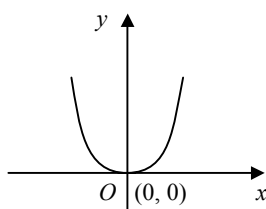
c



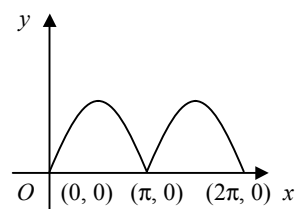
d



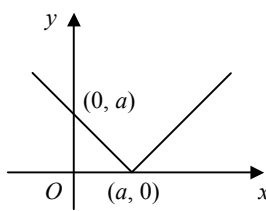
e



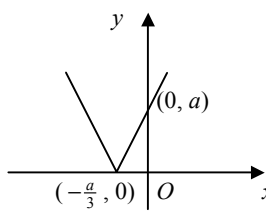
f



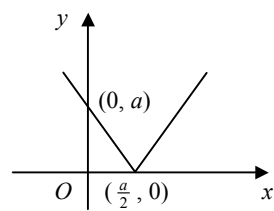
g



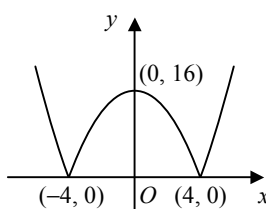
h



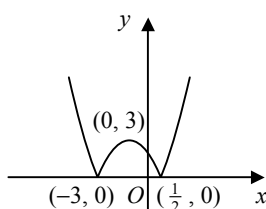
i



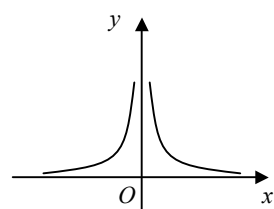
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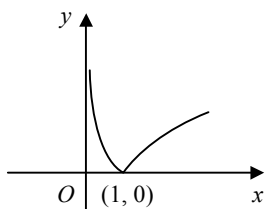
k



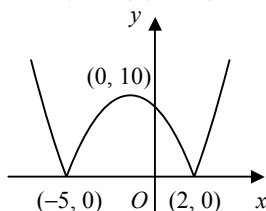
l



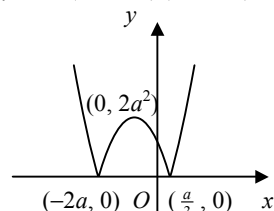
m



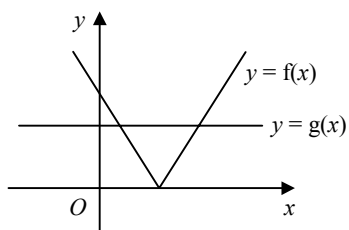
n $y = |(5+x)(2-x)|$



o $y = |(3x-a)(x+2a)|$

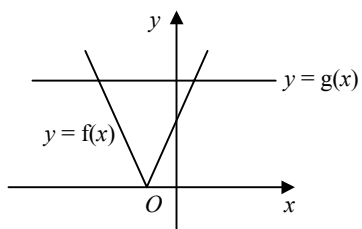


4 a i

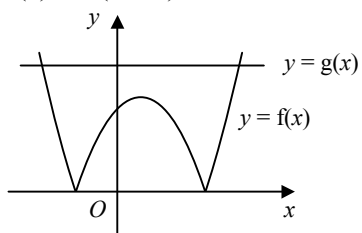


$$\begin{aligned}\text{ii } 2x - 3 &= 2 \Rightarrow x = \frac{5}{2} \\ -(2x - 3) &= 2 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2} \\ \therefore x &= \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\end{aligned}$$

c i

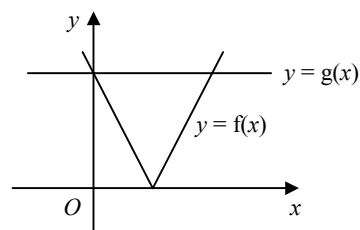


$$\begin{aligned}\text{ii } 4x + 3a &= 5a \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}a \\ -(4x + 3a) &= 5a \Rightarrow x = -2a \\ \therefore x &= -2a, \frac{1}{2}a\end{aligned}$$

e i $f(x) = |(x-2)^2 - 16|$ 

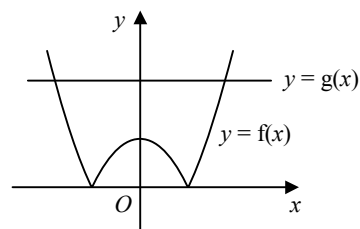
$$\begin{aligned}\text{ii } x^2 - 4x - 12 &= 20 \Rightarrow x^2 - 4x - 32 = 0 \\ &\Rightarrow (x+4)(x-8) = 0 \\ \therefore x &= -4, 8\end{aligned}$$

b i



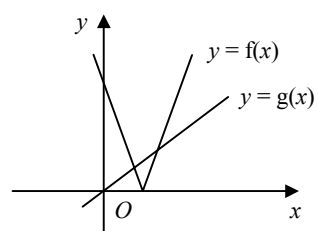
$$\begin{aligned}\text{ii } 7 - 3x &= 7 \Rightarrow x = 0 \\ -(7 - 3x) &= 7 \Rightarrow x = 4\frac{2}{3} \\ \therefore x &= 0, 4\frac{2}{3}\end{aligned}$$

d i



$$\begin{aligned}\text{ii } x^2 - 4 &= 9 \Rightarrow x^2 = 13 \\ \therefore x &= \pm\sqrt{13}\end{aligned}$$

f i

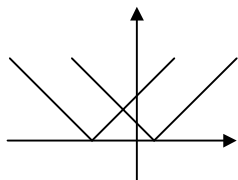


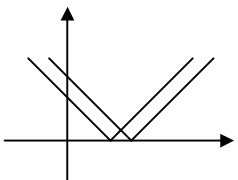
$$\begin{aligned}\text{ii } 2a - 5x &= x \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{3}a \\ -(2a - 5x) &= x \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}a \\ \therefore x &= \frac{1}{3}a, \frac{1}{2}a\end{aligned}$$

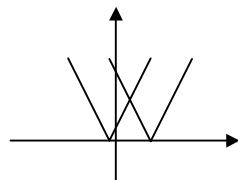
5 a $x - 5 = 3 \Rightarrow x = 8$
 $-(x - 5) = 3 \Rightarrow x = 2$
 $\therefore x = 2, 8$

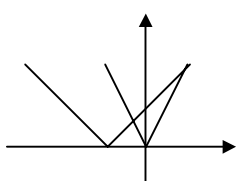
b $x + 1 = 15 \Rightarrow x = 14$
 $-(x + 1) = 15 \Rightarrow x = -16$
 $\therefore x = -16, 14$

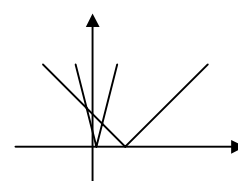
c $2x - 7 = 4 \Rightarrow x = \frac{11}{2}$
 $-(2x - 7) = 4 \Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{2}$
 $\therefore x = \frac{3}{2}, \frac{11}{2}$

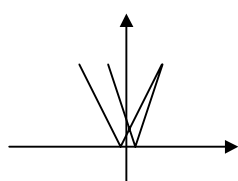
d 
 $-(x - 2) = x + 4 \Rightarrow x = -1$
 $\therefore x = -1$

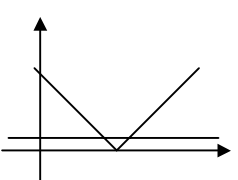
e 
 $x - 5 = 7 - x \Rightarrow x = 6$
 $\therefore x = 6$

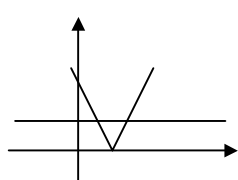
f 
 $2x + 1 = 9 - 2x \Rightarrow x = 2$
 $\therefore x = 2$

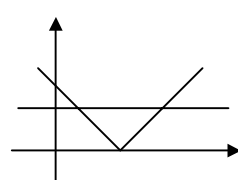
g 
 $x + 3 = 2x \Rightarrow x = 3$
 $x + 3 = -2x \Rightarrow x = -1$
 $\therefore x = -1, 3$

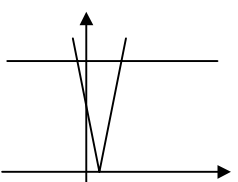
h 
 $4x - 1 = 2 - x \Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{5}$
 $-(4x - 1) = 2 - x \Rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{3}$
 $\therefore x = -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{5}$

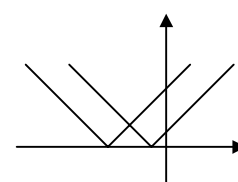
i 
 $3x - 4 = 2x + 3 \Rightarrow x = 7$
 $-(3x - 4) = 2x + 3 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{5}$
 $\therefore x = \frac{1}{5}, 7$

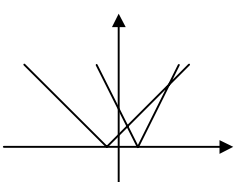
6 a 
 $x - 20 = 2 \Rightarrow x = 22$
 $-(x - 20) = 2 \Rightarrow x = 18$
 $\therefore 18 < x < 22$

b 
 $2x - 11 = 5 \Rightarrow x = 8$
 $-(2x - 11) = 5 \Rightarrow x = 3$
 $\therefore 3 \leq x \leq 8$

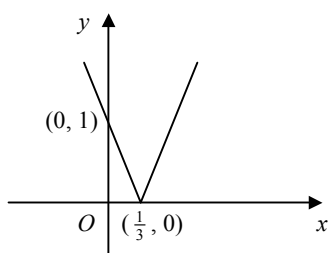
c 
 $x - 17 = 12 \Rightarrow x = 29$
 $-(x - 17) = 12 \Rightarrow x = 5$
 $\therefore x < 5 \text{ or } x > 29$

d 
 $5x - 22 = 40 \Rightarrow x = 12\frac{2}{5}$
 $-(5x - 22) = 40 \Rightarrow x = -3\frac{3}{5}$
 $\therefore -3\frac{3}{5} < x < 12\frac{2}{5}$

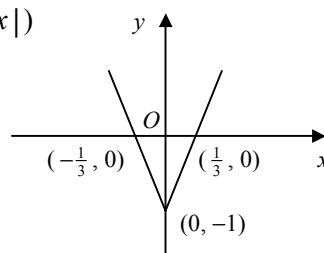
e 
 $x + 4 = -(x + 1) \Rightarrow x = -\frac{5}{2}$
 $\therefore x \leq -\frac{5}{2}$

f 
 $x + 2 = 2x - 5 \Rightarrow x = 7$
 $x + 2 = -(2x - 5) \Rightarrow x = 1$
 $\therefore 1 < x < 7$

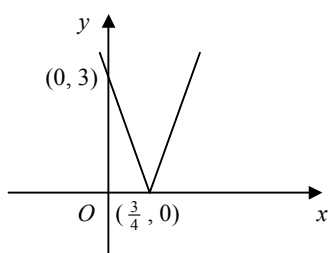
7 a $y = |f(x)|$



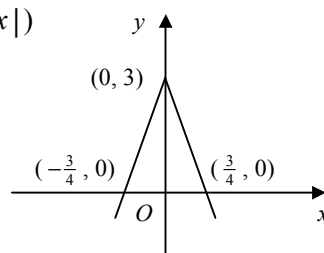
$y = f(|x|)$



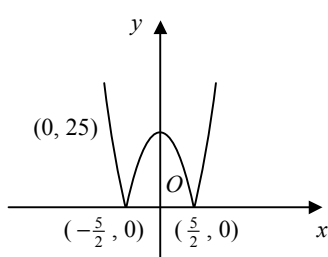
b $y = |f(x)|$



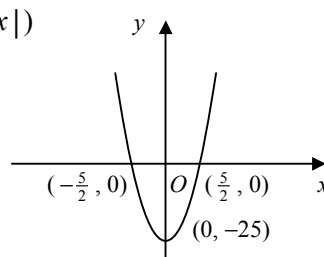
$y = f(|x|)$



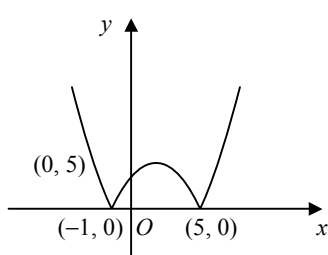
c $y = |f(x)|$



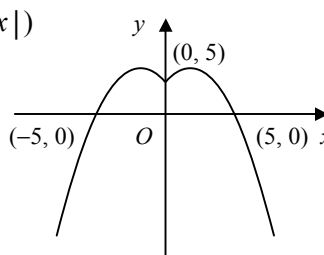
$y = f(|x|)$



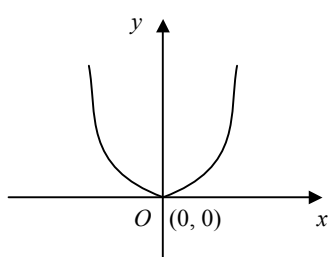
d $y = |f(x)|$



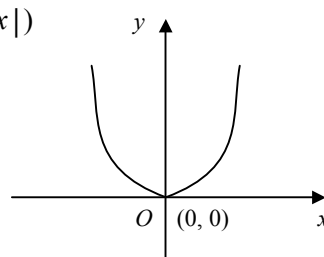
$y = f(|x|)$



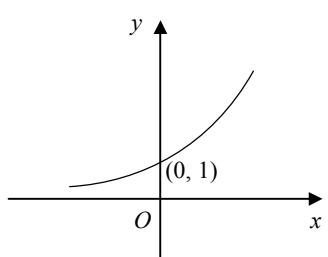
e $y = |f(x)|$



$y = f(|x|)$



f $y = |f(x)|$



$y = f(|x|)$

