

GCE Examinations  
Advanced Subsidiary

## Core Mathematics C4

Paper A

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

### *Instructions and Information*

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Candidates may use any calculator EXCEPT those with the facility for symbolic algebra, differentiation and/or integration.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

Mathematical formulae and statistical tables are available.

This paper has seven questions.

### *Advice to Candidates*

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You must show sufficient working to make your methods clear to an examiner.  
Answers without working may gain no credit.



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1. A curve has the equation

$$x^2(2+y)-y^2=0.$$

Find an expression for  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in terms of  $x$  and  $y$ .

(6)

2.  $f(x) = \frac{3}{\sqrt{1-x}}, \quad |x| < 1.$

- (a) Show that  $f\left(\frac{1}{10}\right) = \sqrt{10}$ . (2)
- (b) Expand  $f(x)$  in ascending powers of  $x$  up to and including the term in  $x^3$ , simplifying each coefficient. (3)
- (c) Use your expansion to find an approximate value for  $\sqrt{10}$ , giving your answer to 8 significant figures. (1)
- (d) Find, to 1 significant figure, the percentage error in your answer to part (c). (2)

3. Relative to a fixed origin,  $O$ , the line  $l$  has the equation

$$\mathbf{r} = (\mathbf{i} + p\mathbf{j} - 5\mathbf{k}) + \lambda(3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + q\mathbf{k}),$$

where  $p$  and  $q$  are constants and  $\lambda$  is a scalar parameter.

Given that the point  $A$  with coordinates  $(-5, 9, -9)$  lies on  $l$ ,

- (a) find the values of  $p$  and  $q$ , (3)

- (b) show that the point  $B$  with coordinates  $(25, -1, 11)$  also lies on  $l$ . (2)

The point  $C$  lies on  $l$  and is such that  $OC$  is perpendicular to  $l$ .

- (c) Find the coordinates of  $C$ . (4)

- (d) Find the ratio  $AC : CB$  (2)

3. continued

4. During a chemical reaction, a compound is being made from two other substances. At time  $t$  hours after the start of the reaction,  $x$  g of the compound has been produced. Assuming that  $x = 0$  initially, and that

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2(x - 6)(x - 3),$$

- (a) show that it takes approximately 7 minutes to produce 2 g of the compound. (10)
- (b) Explain why it is not possible to produce 3 g of the compound. (2)

4. continued



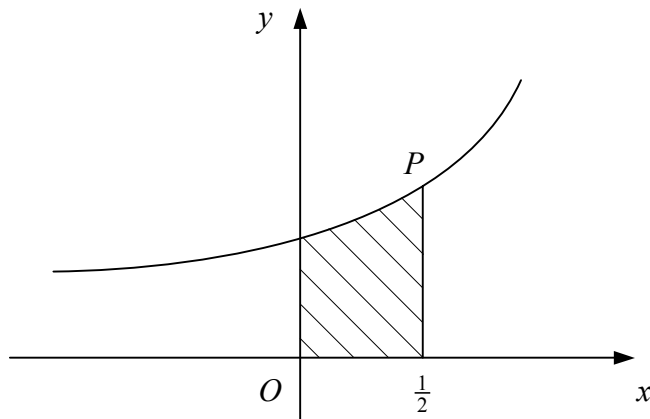


**5.** continued



6. continued

7.



**Figure 2**

Figure 2 shows the curve with parametric equations

$$x = \cos 2t, \quad y = \operatorname{cosec} t, \quad 0 < t < \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

The point  $P$  on the curve has  $x$ -coordinate  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

(a) Find the value of the parameter  $t$  at  $P$ . (2)

(b) Show that the tangent to the curve at  $P$  has the equation

$$y = 2x + 1. \quad (5)$$

The shaded region is bounded by the curve, the coordinate axes and the line  $x = \frac{1}{2}$ .

(c) Show that the area of the shaded region is given by

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} k \cos t \, dt,$$

where  $k$  is a positive integer to be found. (4)

(d) Hence find the exact area of the shaded region. (3)

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7. continued

7. continued

**END**