

GCE

Biology

Advanced GCE

Unit F214: Communication, Homeostasis & Energy

Mark Scheme for January 2012

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Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct answer
×	Incorrect response
[800]	Benefit of Doubt
2.00	Not Benefit of Doubt
I NJ	Error Carried Forward
GH	Given mark
~~	Underline (for ambiguous/contradictory wording)
A	Omission mark
I	Ignore
	Correct response (for a QWC question)
EME	QWC* mark awarded

^{*}Quality of Written Communication

C	Questi	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	1 idea of maintaining (relatively) stable internal, environment / state;		Need the idea of 'constant' or 'steady' and 'regulation' or 'keeping' and in the body
			2 within (narrow) limits / within (narrow) range / about a set point;		2 ACCEPT about the 'norm'
			3 even though environment is changing;		
					IGNORE ref to negative feedback (as mechanism rather than definition) / optimum conditions
					CREDIT mps 2 & 3 (only) if response is in terms of example(s) e.g. temperature / blood glucose
					Note 'maintaining a stable body temperature' = 0 'keeping your body temperature at 37°C' = 1 (mp 2) 'even though it is getting cold' = 1 (mp 3)
				2 max	

Q	uesti	on		Answer	Marks		Guidance
1	(a)	(ii)	1	β cells / α cells / <code>receptors</code> , detect , change / increased / decreased , in blood glucose (concentration) ;		1	CREDIT correct ref to detection by α /a (low) or β /b (high) IGNORE monitor / stimulate / figures quoted
			2	% if high(er) glucose (concentration) ,		2	ACCEPT 'produce' rather than release DO NOT CREDIT B cells
			3	(increased) uptake / absorption , of glucose by , liver / muscle / effector , cells ;		3	CREDIT increased permeability of named cell to glucose IGNORE 'use' / target cell
			4	enters through glucose transport proteins (in cell surface membrane);		4	CREDIT GLUT channels
			5	glucose converted to glycogen / glycogenesis;		5	unambiguous spelling only of <u>glycogen</u> and <u>glycog</u> enesis
			6	increased (use of glucose in) , respiration / ATP production ;		6	DO NOT CREDIT in context of α and β cells ACCEPT 'increased respiration by body'
			7	if low(er) glucose (concentration) , alpha / α , (in pancreas) cells release <code>glucagon</code> ;		7	unambiguous spelling only of <u>glucagon</u> ACCEPT 'produce' rather than release
			8	(increased) conversion of glycogen to glucose / ${\bf glycogenolysis}$;		8	unambiguous spelling only of glycogen and glycogenolysis
			9	(increased) conversion of other compounds (amino acids / lipids) to glucose / gluconeogenesis;		9	unambiguous spelling only of gluconeogenesis
			10	glucose leaves cells , by facilitated diffusion / through glucose channels ;			
			11	AVP;	5 max	11	 e.g. correct cellular detail for insulin release or in effector cells insulin binds to receptor on plasma membrane of hepatocytes correct ref to secondary messenger (cAMP) e.g. ref to inhibitory effect(s) of hormone conversion in cells / secretion of antagonist
			QW	C – technical terms used appropriately and spelt correctly;	1	Use	of three terms from:
						effe alph	eptor, beta, insulin, ctor, glycogen, glycogenesis, na, glucagon, glycogenolysis, coneogenesis, facilitated diffusion
							a tick (✓) if QWC has been awarded or a cross (×) if QWC has not been awarded should use the green dot to identify the QWC terms that you are crediting.

Q	Question		Answer		Guidance
1	(b)	(i)	requires (daily), insulin / hormone, injections; is not affected by dietary changes;		ACCEPT insulin is not being produced in sufficient quantities
				1 max	
1	(b)	(ii)			Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			idea that has developed in , an old(er) person / middle age / a 55 year old;	1	DO NOT CREDIT references to diet, as this was ineffective but use NBOD icon to indicate this
			Total	10	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	liver;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
2	(a)	(ii)	1 (high intake of protein) leads to a large amount of amino acids;2 (excess) amino acids cannot be stored;	•	Must emphasise the idea of <i>leading to</i> , more / too many / lots of , amino acids
			3 <u>amino acids</u> deaminated or <u>amine group / NH₂</u> , removed / converted to ammonia;		3 DO NOT CREDIT deamination of protein IGNORE amino group
			4 (large amount of) ammonia enters ornithine cycle (for conversion to urea);		4 ACCEPT ref to urea cycle instead of ornithine cycle correct diagram of the cycle
			5 increased , <u>blood</u> / <u>plasma</u> , concentration of urea (leads to more urea in , filtrate / urine);		
			6 high concentration of , amino acids / urea , in blood increases water absorption from urine ;	3 max	
2	(b)		diabetes (mellitus) ;	3	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT kidney disease / nephritis / kidney failure /
				1	pregnancy IGNORE type 1 or 2

		Guidance
2 (c) (i) (human) chorionic gonadotrop(h)in / hCG;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT phonetic spelling (a vowel between the ch and r) DO NOT CREDIT chronic ACCEPT combinations of lower and upper case letters DO NOT CREDIT letters in the incorrect order (eg hGC)

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(c)	(ii)			ACCEPT joins / attaches , for 'bind' throughout IGNORE 'reacts with' DO NOT CREDIT active site / enzyme references instead of antibodies If a candidate's whole answer is in terms of pregnancy testing, DO NOT CREDIT mps 1, 2 & 3
			1 LH binds to , anti-LH / its complementary (free / mobile / with dye) , antibodies;		1 ACCEPT hormone for LH 'specific' for 'complementary'
			this (LH-anti-LH) antibody complex moves along (test stick together with urine);		2 IGNORE urine moving along the stick on its own
			3 this (LH-anti-LH) antibody complex binds (only) with , immobilised antibodies specific to them / lower band of immobilised antibodies;		
			4 (only) control antibodies bind with , immobilised antibodies specific to them / upper band of immobilised antibodies;		
			5 idea that binding of antibody (with dye to its immobilised anti-antibody) produces coloured line;		5 Award in context of either LH or control line
			<pre>6 2 lines indicates , positive result / presence of LH or darker line = more LH or 'control' / top , line indicates the strip is working</pre>	3 max	6 DO NOT CREDIT this alternative in context of positive pregnancy result
			Total	9	

Q	uesti	on		Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	w	(chloroplast outer) membrane / envelope;		Mark the first answer on each prompt line. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks W DO NOT CREDIT cell / plasma , membrane DO NOT CREDIT inner membrane alone but IGNORE if stated together with outer
			X	granum / grana ;		X ACCEPT granal stack / thylakoid stack
			Y	stroma;		Y DO NOT CREDIT stoma / matrix / cytoplasm
			z	thylakoid(s) / (intergranal) lamella(e);	4	
3	(a)	(ii)				DO NOT CREDIT any mps in context of respiration
			2	(DNA) coding for , gene(s) / protein / enzyme or (ribosome) protein / enzyme , synthesis ; (enzymes for production of / proteins for) chlorophyll synthesis / pigment synthesis / photosystem ;		IGNORE 'information' / ref to replication DO NOT CREDIT making amino acids
			3 4 5	<pre>(protein for) electron , acceptor(s) / carrier(s); ATP synth(et)ase; (enzyme / PSII) for , photolysis / splitting of water;</pre>		3 CREDIT named acceptor / carrier (e.g. NADP / cytochrome)
			6	(enzymes for) Calvin cycle / light independent reaction;	2 max	6 CREDIT Rubisco

Q	uesti	on	Answer			Marks	Guidance
3	(b)						Mark the first answer in each box. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT lower case letters DO NOT CREDIT 'N and C' <u>instead of</u> B, as they have been asked to use B
			statement	letter			IGNORE 'N and C' if stated in addition to B in rows 1 and 2
			ATP is produced	В			
			an electron leaves photosystem I	В	;		
			electrons are passed along an electron carrier chain	В	;		
			electrons leave both photosystem I and photosystem II	N	;		ACCEPT B for this row
			an electron from a water molecule replaces the electron lost from the photosystem	N	;		
			the same electron returns to the photosystem	С	;	_	
				•	Total	5 11	

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	link reaction and Krebs cycle;	1	Mark the first 2 answers. If they are correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
4	(a)	(ii)	oxidative phosphorylation ;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT electron transport chain / electron transport system / electron carrier chain IGNORE chemiosmosis DO NOT CREDIT photorespiration
4	(b)	(i)	 to make the volume of, contents / 'peas', the same (in the respirometers); idea that because the volume of peas in A is greater than the volume of peas in B or the peas in A, are bigger / take up more space or the peas in A have absorbed water or the peas in B, are smaller / take up less space; 		2 IGNORE ref to mass / weight must refer to A / soaked / germinating and/or B / dry / dormant
			3 as without the beads there would be more , air / gas / oxygen , in B than in A;	2 max	CREDIT idea that with the presence of beads the volume of gas would be the same

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(b)	(ii)	 1 (determined by) finding difference in volume between (30) soaked, seeds / peas and (30) dry, seeds / peas; 2 the difference represents the volume of glass beads required or add the quantity of glass beads necessary to make the volumes (of respirometer contents) equal; 3 calculate / knowing, volume of 1 bead to determine number of beads equivalent to volume required; 		ACCEPT ref to mass/weight instead of volume throughout (ii) as an error carried forward (ecf) 3 CREDIT any suitable method of determining the volume of beads required e.g. • displacement • put soaked peas in tube and measure volume; mark; then put dry peas in and add glass beads into tube and top up to mark
4	(c)	(i)	0.014;;	2 max	Correct answer = 2 marks, even if no working If answer incorrect, not rounded correctly or given to more than 3 dp then ALLOW 1 mark for seeing • 0.27 20 or • 0.0135 Only if there is no answer on the dotted answer line, should you look for the answer in the working or in the appropriate place in the table.

C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(c)	(ii)	at, higher temperature / 25°C increased kinetic energy; (named respiratory) enzymes / decarboxylases / dehydrogenases, involved;	2	IGNORE more collisions / ESCs Needs a clear statement that they are involved in respiration IGNORE (named) co-enzymes
4	(c)	(iii)	 1 reactions require aqueous medium / reactions need to take place in water / reactions need to take place in solution; 2 enzymes and substrates can move (to collide) in soaked seeds or movement (of reactants), prevented / limited, in dry seeds; 3 soaked seeds need more, ATP / energy or dry seeds need less, ATP / energy; 4 for, protein synthesis / mitosis / other (named) metabolic reaction; 	2 max	ACCEPT 'germinating' for 'soaked', 'peas' for 'seeds', 'dormant' for 'dry' throughout 1 IGNORE ref to reactants dissolving 2 IGNORE ref to ESC as the mp is for the idea of mobility 3 DO NOT CREDIT 'no' ATP / energy 4 CREDIT soaked peas have increased metabolism IGNORE growth / respiration DO NOT CREDIT ref to photosynthesis
			Total	12	

C	Question		Answer		Marks	Guidance	
5	(a)		E	(proximal / first / distal / second) convoluted tubule / PCT / DCT;		Mark the first answer on each prompt line. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks E ACCEPT collecting duct DO NOT CREDIT loop of Henle (as not in cortex) DO NOT CREDIT 'cells of' / tube IGNORE 'nephron tubule' / nephron	
			F	(lumen of) Bowman's / renal, capsule;	2		

C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(b)	(i)	1 afferent arteriole , has diameter greater than that of / is wider than , efferent arteriole ;		IGNORE different / larger / smaller, without suitable qualification IGNORE thicker / thinner
			 2 build up of / high , hydrostatic / blood , pressure ; 3 endothelium / wall , of , <u>capillary / glomerulus</u> , has , (small) pores / fenestrations ; 4 (these allow) ultrafiltration ; 		3 ACCEPT holes / gaps instead of pores IGNORE epithelium DO NOT CREDIT cell wall DO NOT CREDIT podocytes / basement membrane if linked to capillary structure IGNORE podocytes / basement membrane if linked to the Bowmans capsule
			QWC – technical terms used appropriately and spelt correctly;	1 1	Use of three terms from: afferent, efferent, arteriole, hydrostatic, endothelium, fenestrations, ultrafiltration (or derived term) Please insert a QWC symbol next to the pencil icon, followed by a tick (✓) if QWC has been awarded or a cross (×) if QWC has not been awarded You should use the green dot to identify the QWC terms that you are crediting.
5	(b)	(ii)	podocyte(s);	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks

C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(c)	(i)			Candidate's answer can only come from one section of the mark scheme if type of failure not specified. However, all marks are available if clearly linked to the type of failure.
			 if kidney cannot filter so substances remain in blood 1 increase / high , in urea; 2 increase / high , in , (named) ions / (named) salts; 3 increase / high , in water; 4 AVP; OR 		 3 IGNORE ref to water potential 4 e.g. • high(er) levels of , creatinine / (named) hormone • high(er) levels of , metabolite / toxin , breakdown
			 if problems cause substances to be lost indiscriminately 5 decrease / low , in , protein / blood cells ; 6 decrease / low , in , (named) ions / (named) salts ; 7 decrease / low , in , glucose / amino acids / vitamins ; 8 decrease / low , in water ; 		for mps 5-8 DO NOT CREDIT 'no' / 'none' / 'zero' 7 IGNORE sugar 8 IGNORE ref to water potential
				2 max	Note 'increase in urea' = 1 (mp 1) 'increase in salt and water' = 2 (mps 2 & 3) 'low in protein but high in urea' = 1 (mp 5, but not mp 1 as different type of failure and has not been specified)

Q	Question		Answer		ks Guidance	
5	(c)	(ii)	if not closely matched		CREDIT ora for all mark points	
			1 donated kidney will be recognised as , foreign / non-self;		Needs the idea of the body recognising the foreign nature	
			2 antigens / glycoproteins , (on donated kidney) will be different ;			
			3 causing rejection ;			
			4 (response) by immune system;		4 CREDIT a description of immune response DO NOT CREDIT ref to <u>autoimmunity</u>	
			5 use of immuno-suppressant drugs ;			
			6 ref to need for suitable size in specific case (e.g. if recipient is a small child);	3 max		
			Total	11		

C	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6	(a)			Mark the first answer on each prompt line. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
		1 receptors;		1 ACCEPT receptor cells DO NOT CREDIT neurones / organs
		2 intensity;		2 IGNORE brightness DO NOT CREDIT frequency
		3 chemical;		3 IGNORE volatile / soluble
		4 potential / value ;		4 ACCEPT 'level' / '(needed) for depolarisation' IGNORE numerical value quoted / 'receptor' DO NOT CREDIT action potential
		5 impulse;	5	5 ACCEPT action potential DO NOT CREDIT message / signal / information / stimulus

Question		on	Answer		Guidance	
6	(b)	(i)			Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks	
					IGNORE ref to cell size / myelin(ation)	
			the motor neurone - structure the cell body is at (one) end of the , neurone / cell or the cell body is in , brain / spinal cord / CNS		DO NOT CREDIT at end of axon / nerve	
			or dendrites connected (directly) to cell body or long(er) axon or		IGNORE reference to dendrite length	
			no dendron or axon, connects to / ends at, effector / motor end plate;			
					CREDIT ora for sensory	
					i.e. cell body is at centre of cell	
					or cell body is in PNS	
					or	
					dendrites at the end(s) of, axon / dendron	
					or short(er) axon	
					or	
					dendron present	
					or	
				1	connects to / starts at , receptor	

C	Question		Answer		Guidance	
6	(b)	(ii)	the motor neurone - function		Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks IGNORE refs to 'connects' DO NOT CREDIT message / signal / information / stimulus	
			carries , impulse(s) / action potential(s) ,		DO NOT CREDIT message / signal / information / stimulus	
				1	i.e. carries , impulse(s) / action potential(s) , to , brain / spinal cord / CNS / relay neurone or carries , impulse(s) / action potential(s) , from receptor	
			Total	7		

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