Edexcel IGCSE

## Biology <br> 4325: 1F, 2H \& 03

November 2006

Mark Scheme

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## IGCSE BIOLOGY 4325, NOVEMBER 2006 MARK SCHEME

## Key

; indicates separate mark points
/ indicates alternatives
eq allow for correct equivalent
-_
word underlined means no alternatives allowed

## Paper 1F

1. (a) $D$;
(b) C ;
(c) D ;
(d) B ;
(e) C ;
(f) A ;
(g) D ;
(h) C ;
(i) A ;
(j) B ;

## Total 10 marks

2. (a) high milk yield; quality of milk; high meat production / fast growth / large; lean meat;
non-aggressive;
(b) (humans) choose animals to breed / use the best;

Total 3 marks
3. carbon dioxide;
greenhouse;
sewage;
oxygen;
4. (a) transport blood / pump blood round the body;
(b) (i) A - left ventricle; B - tricuspid / AV valve / valve;
(ii) arrow into the right atrium;
arrow out of right ventricle through pulmonary artery;
(iii) close;
stop backflow of blood;
(iv) more oxygen / oxygenated / brighter red;
less carbon dioxide;
greater pressure;
5. (a) (i) water;
(ii) light / sun;
(b) (i)

(ii) magnesium; making chlorophyll;

OR nitrate; making amino acids / protein;
OR potassium; enzyme action;
OR calcium; cell walls;
OR phosphate; ATP;
6. (a) reproductive system;
(b) (i) B - ureter;

C - urethra;
D - bladder;
(ii) water;
urea;
max
salts;
(c) skin;
lungs;
(2)
7. (a) idea of amount / quantity;
(b) (i) contains nitrogen / nitrates / minerals / salts / ions; for crop growth;
(ii) does less damage to environment / less pollution / improve soil texture;
(c) (i) A ;
(ii) both increase yield; herbicide more than pesticide; fewer pests to eat crop;
(iii) same weather / temperature / climate / rainfall / eq;
8. (a) A-virus;

B - bacterium;
C- fungus;
(b) $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{virus}$;
(c) (i) $\mathrm{A} /$ virus;
(ii) $\mathrm{B} /$ bacterium;
(iii) C/fungus;
(iv) C/fungus;
9. stem: negative / grow up / against gravity; geotropism; (ONCE) light; photosynthesis; glucose / starch / energy; respiration;
root: positive / grow down / with gravity;
geotropism;
water;
support / anchor / eq;
minerals / ions / named mineral/ion;
chlorophyll manufacture;
max
(5)
10. (a) pancreas;
small intestine / ileum;
(2)
(b) lipase works best with bile;
(lipase works) least well in acidic solution /
better in alkaline conditions;
bile is alkaline / neutralises / optimum pH / eq ;
bile emulsifies fat;
larger surface area;
denature / affect active site;
(c) starch;
glucose;
11. (a) two;
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { (b) } & \mathrm{N} & \mathrm{n} & \mathrm{N} & \mathrm{n} ; \\ \mathrm{Nn} & \mathrm{Nn} & \mathrm{NN} & \mathrm{nn} ;\end{array}$
no no no yes;
(c) (i) nucleus / chromosome;
(ii) DNA;
(2)

## Total 6 marks

12. (a) correct chain;
chain in the correct direction (arrows);
(b) voles increase;
fewer weasels eating them / less eaten fewer predators / eq;
owls increase;
more voles / more small birds / more food / less
competition;
(c) (i) voles, small birds or beetles;
(ii) producers;
(1)
(iii) producers are few / trees are few / one tree; producers are heavy / trees are heavy / have lots of mass / bigger / larger;
(2)
13. (a) transpiration / evaporation;
(b) A ;
lost 0.02 g and compared with B or C ;
(c) number of stomata;
stomata size / opening;
waxy cuticle;
hairs on surface;
surface area / size / wider / eq;
thickness;
wind;
light intensity;
humidity;
max
temperature; IGNORE environment / climate

## Total 6 marks

14. (a) cut / eq;
sterilise / disinfect;
nutrient / agar / food / medium / growth substance /
glucose / minerals;
roots / leaves; IGNORE water
(b) genetically / alleles / genes / DNA;
identical / same;
(c) quicker;
all plants produce drug / less variation idea / identical;
max
lots made / commercial idea;
Total 7 marks

## Paper 2H

1. (a) A-virus;

B - bacterium;
C- fungus;
(b) $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{virus}$;
(c) (i) $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{virus}$;
(ii) $\mathrm{B} /$ bacterium;
(iii) C/ fungus;
(iv) C / fungus;
2. stem: negative / grow up / against gravity; geotropism; (ONCE)
light;
photosynthesis;
glucose / starch / energy;
respiration;
root: positive / grow down / with gravity;
geotropism;
water;
support / anchor / eq;
minerals / ions / named mineral/ion;
chlorophyll manufacture;
3. (a) pancreas;
small intestine / ileum;
(b) lipase works best with bile;
(lipase works) least well in acidic solution /
better in alkaline conditions;
bile is alkaline / neutralises / optimum pH / eq ;
bile emulsifies fat;
larger surface area;
denature / affect active site;
(c) starch;
glucose;
4. (a) two;
(b) $\mathrm{N} \quad \mathrm{n} \quad \mathrm{N} \quad \mathrm{n}$;

| Nn | Nn | NN | nn; |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| no | no | no | yes; |

(3)
(c) (i) nucleus / chromosome;
(ii) DNA;

## Total 6 marks

5. (a) correct chain;
chain in the correct direction (arrows);
(b) voles increase;
fewer weasels eating them / less eaten fewer predators / eq; owls increase;
more voles / more small birds / more food / less competition;
(c) (i) voles, small birds or beetles;
(ii) producers;
(iii) producers are few / trees are few / one tree; producers are heavy / trees are heavy / have lots of mass / bigger / larger;
6. (a) transpiration / evaporation;
(b) A ;
lost 0.02 g and compared with B or C;
(c) number of stomata;
stomata size / opening;
waxy cuticle;
hairs on surface;
surface area / size / wider / eq;
thickness;
wind;
light intensity;
humidity;
max
temperature; IGNORE environment / climate
7. (a) cut / eq;
sterilise / disinfect;
nutrient / agar / food / medium / growth substance / glucose / minerals; roots / leaves; IGNORE water
(b) genetically / alleles / genes / DNA;
identical / same;
(c) quicker;
all plants produce drug / less variation idea / identical;
lots made / commercial idea;
Total 7 marks
8. (a) C ;
(b) water into chip;
osmosis;
selectively permeable membrane;
high concentration to low concentration;
Total 4 marks
9. (a) (i) biuret; purple / mauve / lilac;
(ii) digested / broken down; peptides / polypeptides / amino acids; enzyme / protease / pepsin; HCl ;
optimum / best / most suitable pH;
(b) (i) increases + decreases;
peaks at 32 / correct reference to numbers;
(ii) 2700 ;
(c) less predation;
less heat loss / less energy loss;
less movement idea;
control of food quantity / quality / conditions;
more energy for growth;
max
less likely to contract disease;
10. (a) (i) correct heights at rest + exercise;; axes correct and labelled; key to distinguish rest and exercise;
(ii) 84000 ;
(iii) $300 ;$; 500-2000 or 1500 / divided by 500;
(b) (i) arterioles / (small) arteries; widen / dilate / expand / vasodilation; max muscles relax;
(ii) heat loss; radiation / convection; lower body temperature / keep at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ optimum / max cools down;
(iii) glucose / oxygen; respiration; energy / ATP; muscle contraction / shortening; removes $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ / lactic acid;
less anaerobic respiration;

## Total 13 marks

11. (a) (i) 11300 ;
(ii) 5100 ;
(b) (i) coronary artery;
(ii) less oxygen / glucose; less aerobic respiration / anaerobic respiration; less energy / ATP; lactic acid; toxic / eq;
(c) testosterone: develop male secondary sexual characteristics / eq;
progesterone: maintain uterus lining / inhibit FH/ FSH;
myelin: speed nerve impulses;
12. (a) increase yield / grow more / grow faster;
increase photosynthesis;
enzymes;
(3)
(b) start at one week;
line going down and to the left of Encarsia line;
line going very low (below 10);
max
line then going back up;
(c) no resistance; IGNORE immune no collateral damage to other species / food chains / specific;
keeps pests low;
no reintroduction / reapplication needed / long lasting;
max
less pollution / no harm to environment;
Total 8 marks
13. (a) E or C ;
$B$ or $D$;
(b) (human) gene / DNA (for insulin);
plasmid / vector;
restriction enzyme;
same restriction enzyme;
cuts / eq;
ligase;
sticks / eq;
(c) (i) pancreas / Islets of Langerhans;
(ii) controls/ regulates sugar/ glucose levels; reduces glucose; converts to glycogen;
in liver;
Total 11 marks
14. (a) (i) pituitary;
(ii) blood / eq;
(iii) collecting duct;
(b) (i) no / less reabsorption less water into blood / blood more concentrated; dehydration / loses too much water;
(ii) drink (lots of) water;

ACCEPT ADH tablets / injection
15. (a) bottom: plants make cyanide;
snails leave plants / do not eat plants;
plants survive;
(advantage to have) gene / allele for cyanide/
enzyme;
reproduce; (ONCE)
pass on ability / gene / allele to make cyanide;
(ONCE)
top: plants do not make cyanide; no snails;
cold;
cyanide would kill plants; (disadvantage to have) allele gene / allele for cyanide/ enzyme;
ice bursts bags / enzymes would be released; reproduce;
pass on ability / gene / allele not to make cyanide;
(b) nitrifying;
denitrifying;
nitrogen fixing;
decomposing / decomposers;

## Paper 3

1. 

| Food <br> type | Test solution | Colour of positive <br> result |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| glucose | Benedicts; | red; |
| lipid | water and <br> $n+h m a n l . ~$ | cloudy white; |

Total 4 marks
2.
(i) D ;
(ii) A ;
(iii) B ;
(iv) C ;

All 4 or 3 =(3); 2 correct $=(\mathbf{2 )}$; 1 correct $=(\mathbf{1})$
Total 3 marks
3. (a) larvae prefer dark conditions / more on dark side; ACCEPT converse
(b) (i)

Experiment \begin{tabular}{c}
Number of <br>
larvae in light

$\quad$

Number of <br>
larvae in dark
\end{tabular}

1 | 1 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

$2 \quad 2 \quad 8$
$3 \quad 4 \quad 6$
light and dark columns; experiment column; numbers match;
max
total/ average column;
(ii) more larvae found in dark / prefer dark;
(c) repeat in dark / light; equal temperature / humidity / eq; max IGNORE repeat alone / leave for longer
4. (a) (i) 71 ;
(ii) 94.67 / 94.66 / 94.6 / 94.7;; answer in (i) divided by 75 for one max
(b) to calculate average / so results are more reliable;

IGNORE accurate / precise / fair test
(c) fewer seeds germinate;
(d) light;
keep all seeds in dark / cupboard / same room / eq;
or
temperature;
max
keep all seeds in incubator / water bath / near Iamp;
5. (a) 6.67 plants per $\mathrm{m}^{2} /$ accept 6.6 to 6.7 ; ; 20 for one max
(b) 17 ;

II;
(c) size (at least half of each axis); label (species and $A$ and $B$ );
axis (number of plants and numbers); plot;;
(d) more plants in A;
more plantain in trampled area / A; less groundsel in trampled area / A; dandelion the same; daisies the same; plantain can tolerate trampling; groundsel cannot tolerate trampling; dandelion unaffected by trampling; daisies unaffected by trampling;
6. (a) increasing temperature increases KE of molecules / more collisions / increases enzyme activity;
(b) 14 ;
(c) (i) as temperature increases;
the number of bubbles / photosynthesis / rate increases / $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is best temperature for photosynthesis;
(ii) yes / no qualified;
only up to $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ decrease at highest temperature / at $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$;
(d) result 1 for $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ any result at $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$;
(e) (i) temperature (constant/ controlled);
electronic / thermostatically controlled water bath / digital thermometer / eq;
or
bubbles / volume / amount of gas;
measuring cylinder / syringe / two people counting;
(ii) increase above $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ / decrease below $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ / smaller increments;
to see if the rate of photosynthesis alters;
or
use other species;
compare pattern;
(f) (i) carbon dioxide / light;
(ii) add stated volume of sodium hydrogencarbonate to the pond water / same distance / intensity / wattage; IGNORE same place/ amount

Total 13 marks
7. $\quad$ - two or more stated concentrations of amylase / enzyme;

O-same source of enzyme / human / fungus;
R - repeat tests for each concentration;
M1 - ref to time;
2 - iodine solution / Benedict's;
3 - black to yellow / blue to red / idea of colour change;
S1 - same / stated concentration/ volume of starch;
2 - same temperature / water bath;
3 - equal volume of amylase / enzyme;

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