

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2018

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Biology (4BI0) Paper 1B



Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications come from Pearson, the world's leading learning company. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information, please visit our website at <u>www.edexcel.com</u>.

Our website subject pages hold useful resources, support material and live feeds from our subject advisors giving you access to a portal of information. If you have any subject specific questions about this specification that require the help of a subject specialist, you may find our Ask The Expert email service helpful.

www.edexcel.com/contactus

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

January 2018 Publications Code 4BI0_1B_1801_MS All the material in this publication is copyright © Pearson Education Ltd 2018

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

	stion nber	Answer	Notes	Marks
1	(a)(i)	four / 4;		1
	(ii)	song thrush;		1
	(iii)	1. kill aphids / reduce number of aphids / eq;	 Ignore stop aphids reproducing Allow kill pest 	2
		 aphids eat crop/wheat / increase/allow crop/wheat growth / less crop/wheat eaten/destroyed / eq; 		
				2
	(iv)	1. decrease population/number / fewer sparrowhawks;	1. Allow death	
		 fewer sparrows / fewer robins / less food/prey (for sparrowhawk); 		
		3. bioaccumulation / pesticide build up in food chain / eq;		

(b)	1. no need to reapply / eq;	Allow converse for pesticide	max 3
		Ignore eco-friendly / quicker / cost / pollution	
	 specific / only kill the pest / no or less effect on other organisms / no or less effect on food chain/web / eq; 	2. Ignore references to poison humans	
	3. no risk of resistance;	3. Ignore immunity	
	4. no bioaccumulation / no build up in food chain;		
	5. lasts longer / eq;		

Total 9 marks

Question number		Answer		Notes	Marks
2 (a)					
	Component	Function of component			
	vitamin A	vision / sight / sight in			4
		dim light / immune			
		system / disease			
		resistance / skin;			
	vitamin C	skin / tissue / connective			
		tissue / prevent scurvy /			
		wound healing / immune			
		system / disease resistance;			
	vitamin D	(bone growth)			
	iron	haemoglobin / red blood			
		cells;			
	dietary fibre	peristalsis / food			
		movement / reduce risk			
		of bowel cancer / reduce			
		constipation / eq;			
(b)	1. Benedict's;			1. Allow clinistix /	3
	2. boil / heat / water bat			eq	
	2. DOIL/ Heat / Water bat	n / eq,		2. for stated time	
	3 red / green / vellow /	orange / brown (means glucose)	/		
	blue means no glucose	•	,	3. green / brown /	
		- /		purple	
(c)(i)	carbon, hydrogen and ox	ygen / C, H and O;			1

Substance	Organ		2
bile	liver;		
lipase	pancreas;	Allow mouth /	
		bile liver;	bile liver;

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (a)	 (no) photosynthesis; starch used up / starch digested / starch converted to maltose/glucose ; respiration / (use) energy; 		2
(b) (i)	 use hot water; boil/heat in ethanol / use water bath to (heat) ethanol; no naked flame / water bath; (soak in) water; add iodine; use googles; 	Put ethanol in water bath = 2	4
(ii)	 leaf inside labelled no starch / leaf outside labelled starch; leaf inside labelled yellow / white / brown / red / orange / leaf outside labelled blue / black / blue black; 	Ignore references to position of bung	2

Total 8 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4(a) (i)	sensory (neurone);		1
(ii)	1. synapse / synaptic cleft / eq;		
	2. neurotransmitter / chemical / transmitter substance;		
	3. diffusion;		
	4. between neurones / from sensory to relay neurone;		max 2
(iii)	1. cell body;		
	2. nucleus;		
	3. axon / cytoplasm;		
	4. myelin sheath / nodes of Ranvier;		max 3
	5. dendrites;		
(iv)	1. impulse / action potential;	1. Ignore signals / message	2
	2. to effector / muscle;	2. Ignore arm	
	3. contract;		

Parents: Dd and Dd;	Allow ECF for max 2	3
Gametes: D and d;	Allow other symbols	
Offspring: DD and Dd (and Dd) and dd;		
1/2 x 1/4 = 1/8 / 0.125 / 12.5%;		1
7 / 7.33 / 7.3;;	Allow one mark for	2
	0.00001 x 733 000	
	Gametes: D and d; Offspring: DD and Dd (and Dd) and dd; $1/2 \times 1/4 = 1/8 / 0.125 / 12.5\%$;	Gametes: D and d;Allow other symbolsOffspring: DD and Dd (and Dd) and dd; $1/2 \times 1/4 = 1/8 / 0.125 / 12.5\%$;

Total 14 marks

Marks

(iii)	1. repeat; 2. reliable / average;	Only give second Mp of each pair if preceded by first MP	2
	or		
	3. use a thermometer;		
	4. check temperature / monitor temperature / eq ;		
	or		
	5. use same concentration of glucose / yeast;		
	 change only due to temperature / ensures only one independent variable; 		
	or		
	7. use measuring cylinder / syringe;		
	8. measure <u>volume</u> ;		
	or	9. Ignore increase range	
	9. more readings between 40 and 52;		
	10. accurate optimum temperature;		

(iv)	20 °C 1. low (kinetic) energy / less movement;	4
	2. fewer collisions;	
	3. below <u>optimum</u> / eq;	
	52 °C 4. enzymes denatured;	
	5. change to active site / substrate no longer binds / eq;	
	6. yeast killed;	

Total 17 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6(a)	1. osmoreceptors / hypothalamus / pituitary;		max 5
	2. less ADH;		
	3. transport in blood;		
	4. collecting duct;		
	5. less permeable;		
	6. less water (re)absorbed / less water enters blood;		
	 urine concentration decreases / urine volume increases / urine is dilute / more urine / eq; 		
(b)	1. water enters;		max 3
	2. from dilute to concentrated / less water in cells / eq;		
	3. osmosis;		
	4. burst;		
	5. no cell wall;		

Total 8 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7	 C range of bleach concentrations; O same species / type / size of explant/plant / age of explant/plant / eq; R repeat / many explants / group / eq; M1 count number of explants that grow / how many survive / free from microbes / measure size / mass / leaf area / count number of microbes / how many microbes / eq; M2 same stated time; S1 same volume of bleach / type of bleach; S2 same species of microbe / same temperature / same light / same carbon dioxide / same agar / same mineral ions / same water / eq; 	C bleach and no bleach = 0 S1 Ignore amount S2 Ignore same soil / fertiliser	max 6

Total 6 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
8(a) (i)	P bronchiole(s);		3
	Q trachea / windpipe;		
	R bronchus / bronchi;		
(ii)	1. diaphragm relaxes;		max 3
	2. diaphragm moves up / more domed in shape / eq;		
	3. volume (of chest cavity) decreases;		
	4. pressure (in chest cavity) increases;		
	5. pressure higher than atmospheric / eq;		
(b) (i)	1. cm ³ per s / cm ³ per min / dm ³ per min;		max 1
	2. cm per s / cm per min / m per min;		

(ii)	 meter on zero - accurate/correct/true reading / (ONCE) / reading will not be too high / eq; fingers not touching - accurate/correct/true reading / reading will not be too low / no obstruction / slider can move / eq; horizontal – accurate/correct/true reading / no effect of gravity / slider does not go too far / not far enough / stop slider moving down / slider cannot move up / eq; 	Allow accurate/correct/true ONCE Allow converse for all Mps Unqualified reference to accuracy = 1 only	max 2
(iii)	 <u>reliable</u> results; detect <u>anomalous</u> results; calculate average; 	accurate and reliable = 0	max 2
(c)	 widen /dilate / open up; airways / bronchioles / bronchi; 		2

Total 13 marks

Question number	Answer		Notes	Marks
9(a)				2
	Type of cell	Number of chromosomes		3
	egg cell	23;		
	red blood cell	0 / none / zero;		
	white blood cell	46;		
(b) (i)	1. <u>repair</u> ;			2
	2. asexual reproduction	n / cloning / producing identical offspring / tion / micropropagation;		
(ii)	1. haploid / half the nu	mber;	Allow converse for mitosis	
	2. 23 chromosomes / o	ne of each pair;		2
(iii)	anther(s) / stamen(s);			
				1

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
10	glands / organs / system;		9
	blood / plasma / circulation;		
	testosterone;		
	ovaries;		
	oestrogen;		
	insulin;		
	glycogen;		
	liver / muscles;		
	adrenaline;		

Total 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
11(a) (i)	15.2;;	19 ÷ 1.25	2
		3.8 x 4	
		3.8 ÷ 0.25	
		Allow one mark for 19 or 3.8	
(ii)	1. place at random / eq;	Use a random number generator = 2	2
	2. use of coordinates / use of number generator / eq;	2. Ignore thrown	
(iii)	 more plants/clover/plantain in B / fewer plants/clover/plantain in A / eq; 	Allow converse	3
	 more plantain in B than clover / more clover in A than plantain / eq; 		
	 more even population of each species in B / less even population of each species in A / eq; 		

(b)	1. (more) (sun)light;	Max two factors	max 4
	2. (more) photosynthesis;	Allow converse	
	or	Ignore weather / wind /	
	3. (more) rain / water / humidity / drought / eq;	humidity /	
	4. (more) growth / photosynthesis;		
	or		
	5. (high) temperature;		
	6. (more) photosynthesis / enzyme;		
	or		
	7. (more) mineral ions / minerals / named mineral ion;	7. Ignore fertiliser /	
	8. role of named mineral ion;	nutrients	
	or		
	9. (more) carbon dioxide;		
	10. (more) photosynthesis;		
	or		
	11. pH;		
	12. enzymes;		

Question number	Answer		Notes	Marks
12(a)				
	Example	Process		3
	carbon dioxide moving through stomata into a leaf	diffusion / gas exchange;		
	nitrate ions moving into a plant root hair cell against a concentration gradient	active transport / active uptake;		
	water moving from a collecting duct of the kidney into blood plasma	osmosis / reabsorption;		
(b)	1. villi / microvilli increase surface area;	fucion distance (max 4
	2. thin walls / one cell thick provide short dif faster diffusion / more diffusion / eq;	Tusion distance /		

 capillaries to absorb glucose / amino acids / blood supply to absorb glucose / amino acids; 	
 capillaries maintain diffusion gradient / maintain concentration gradient / blood supply maintain diffusion gradient / maintain concentration gradient / eq; 	
5. lacteals absorb fatty acids and glycerol;	
6. long so more diffusion / absorption / increases surface area;	

Total 7 marks

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at 80 Strand, London, WC2R ORL, United Kingdom