

ADVANCED GCE MATHEMATICS Core Mathematics 4

4724

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet

## OCR Supplied Materials:

- 8 page Answer Booklet
- List of Formulae (MF1)

#### Other Materials Required: None

Friday 15 January 2010 Afternoon

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question or is clearly appropriate.
- You are permitted to use a graphical calculator in this paper.

# **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **72**.
- This document consists of 4 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

- 1 Find the quotient and the remainder when  $x^4 + 11x^3 + 28x^2 + 3x + 1$  is divided by  $x^2 + 5x + 2$ . [4]
- 2 Points A, B and C have position vectors  $-5\mathbf{i} 10\mathbf{j} + 12\mathbf{k}$ ,  $\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} 3\mathbf{k}$  and  $3\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} + p\mathbf{k}$  respectively, where p is a constant.
  - (i) Given that angle  $ABC = 90^{\circ}$ , find the value of *p*. [4]
  - (ii) Given instead that *ABC* is a straight line, find the value of *p*. [2]
- 3 By expressing  $\cos 2x$  in terms of  $\cos x$ , find the exact value of  $\int_{\frac{1}{4\pi}}^{\frac{1}{3\pi}} \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos^2 x} dx.$  [5]
- 4 Use the substitution  $u = 2 + \ln t$  to find the exact value of

$$\int_{1}^{e} \frac{1}{t(2+\ln t)^2} \,\mathrm{d}t.$$
 [6]

- 5 (i) Expand  $(1 + x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$  in ascending powers of x, up to and including the term in  $x^2$ . [2]
  - (ii) (a) Hence, or otherwise, expand  $(8 + 16x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$  in ascending powers of x, up to and including the term in  $x^2$ . [4]
    - (b) State the set of values of x for which the expansion in part (ii) (a) is valid. [1]
- 6 A curve has parametric equations

$$x = 9t - \ln(9t), \quad y = t^3 - \ln(t^3).$$

Show that there is only one value of t for which  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3$  and state that value. [6]

- 7 Find the equation of the normal to the curve  $x^3 + 2x^2y = y^3 + 15$  at the point (2, 1), giving your answer in the form ax + by + c = 0, where *a*, *b* and *c* are integers. [8]
- 8 (i) State the derivative of  $e^{\cos x}$ . [1]
  - (ii) Hence use integration by parts to find the exact value of

$$\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}\pi} \cos x \sin x \, \mathrm{e}^{\cos x} \, \mathrm{d}x. \tag{6}$$

9 The equation of a straight line *l* is  $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ . *O* is the origin.

(i) The point P on l is given by $t = 1$ . Calculate the acute angle between OP and l.	[4]
(ii) Find the position vector of the point $Q$ on $l$ such that $OQ$ is perpendicular to $l$ .	[4]

[2]

[4]

(iii) Find the length of *OQ*.

10 (i) Express 
$$\frac{1}{(3-x)(6-x)}$$
 in partial fractions. [2]

(ii) In a chemical reaction, the amount x grams of a substance at time t seconds is related to the rate at which x is changing by the equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} = k(3-x)(6-x),$$

where *k* is a constant. When t = 0, x = 0 and when t = 1, x = 1.

- (a) Show that  $k = \frac{1}{3} \ln \frac{5}{4}$ . [7]
- (b) Find the value of x when t = 2.

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