

- (4)

(Total 4 marks)



2. Solve

(a) $5^x = 8$, giving your answer to 3 significant figures,

(3)

(b) $\log_2(x+1) - \log_2 x = \log_2 7$.

(3)



- (2)

- (4)

Given that, in the expansion of $(1 + px)^{12}$, the coefficient of x is $(-q)$ and the coefficient of x^2 is $11q$,

(b) find the value of p and the value of q .

5. Solve, for $0 \leq x \leq 180^\circ$, the equation

$$(a) \quad \sin(x+10^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \quad (4)$$

(b) $\cos 2x = -0.9$, giving your answers to 1 decimal place. (4)





8. The circle C , with centre at the point A , has equation $x^2 + y^2 - 10x + 9 = 0$.

Find

- (a) the coordinates of A ,
- (2)**

- (b) the radius of C ,
- (2)**

- (c) the coordinates of the points at which C crosses the x -axis. (2)

Given that the line l with gradient $\frac{7}{2}$ is a tangent to C , and that l touches C at the point T ,

- (d) find an equation of the line which passes through A and T .





Mr. King will be paid a salary of £35 000 in the year 2005. Mr. King's contract promises a 4% increase in salary every year, the first increase being given in 2006, so that his annual salaries form a geometric sequence.

Mr. King will receive a salary each year from 2005 until he retires at the end of 2024.



10.

Figure 1

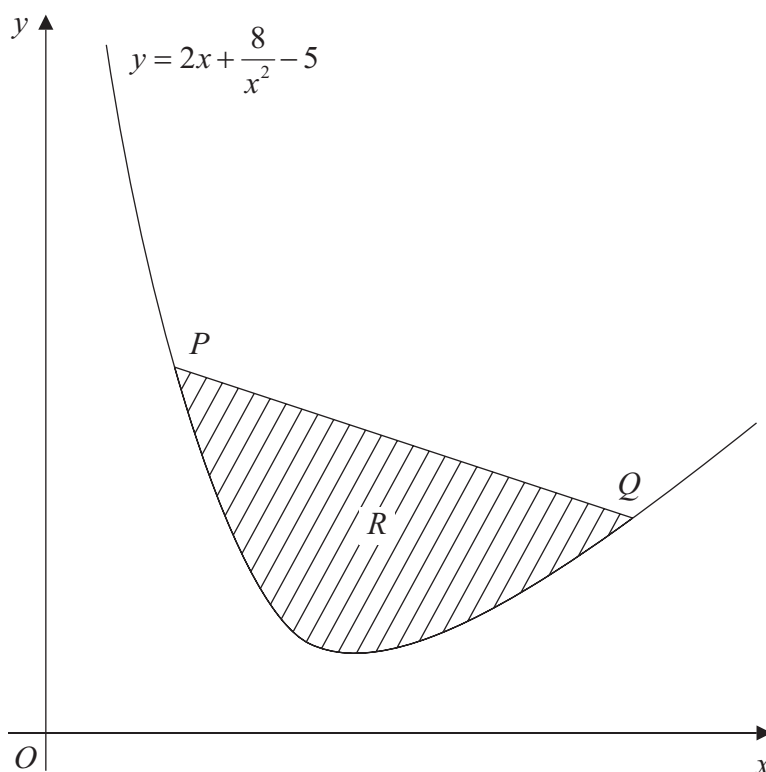


Figure 1 shows part of the curve C with equation $y = 2x + \frac{8}{x^2} - 5$, $x > 0$.

The points P and Q lie on C and have x -coordinates 1 and 4 respectively. The region R , shaded in Figure 1, is bounded by C and the straight line joining P and Q .

- (a) Find the exact area of R . (8)
- (b) Use calculus to show that y is increasing for $x > 2$. (4)



(Total 12 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

END

