

(a) Calculate the product moment correlation coefficient for these data. (2)

(b) Interpret the value of the correlation coefficient. (1)

(c) Write down the value Helen should have obtained. **(1)**

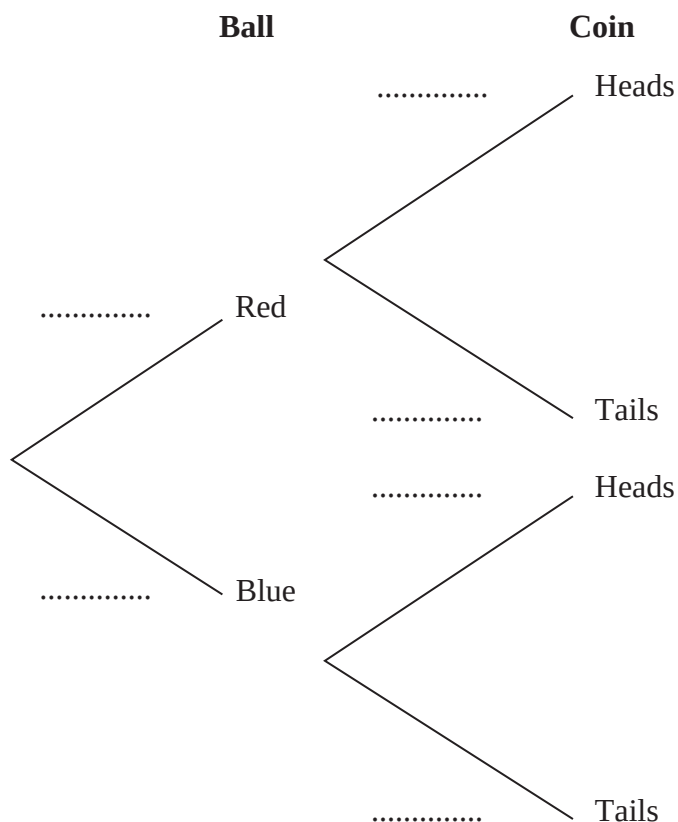
This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 20 evenly spaced horizontal gray lines across its entire width, providing a template for writing or drawing. The background is a solid off-white color.

2. An experiment consists of selecting a ball from a bag and spinning a coin. The bag contains 5 red balls and 7 blue balls. A ball is selected at random from the bag, its colour is noted and then the ball is returned to the bag.

When a red ball is selected, a biased coin with probability $\frac{2}{3}$ of landing heads is spun.

When a blue ball is selected a fair coin is spun.

- (a) Complete the tree diagram below to show the possible outcomes and associated probabilities.



(2)

Shivani selects a ball and spins the appropriate coin.

- (b) Find the probability that she obtains a head.

(2)

Given that Tom selected a ball at random and obtained a head when he spun the appropriate coin,

- (c) find the probability that Tom selected a red ball.

(3)

Shivani and Tom each repeat this experiment.

- (d) Find the probability that the colour of the ball Shivani selects is the same as the colour of the ball Tom selects.

(3)



3. The discrete random variable X has probability distribution given by

x	-1	0	1	2	3
$P(X = x)$	$\frac{1}{5}$	a	$\frac{1}{10}$	a	$\frac{1}{5}$

where a is a constant.

- (a) Find the value of a . (2)

- (b) Write down $E(X)$. (1)

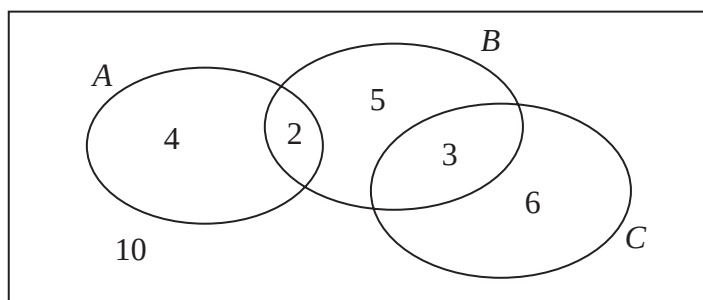
- (c) Find $\text{Var}(X)$.

The random variable $Y = 6 - 2X$

- (d) Find $\text{Var}(Y)$. (2)

- (e) Calculate $P(X \geq Y)$. (3)

[illegible]



One of these students is selected at random.

- (a) Show that the probability that the student reads more than one magazine is $\frac{1}{6}$. (2)
- (b) Find the probability that the student reads A or B (or both). (2)
- (c) Write down the probability that the student reads both A and C . (1)

Given that the student reads at least one of the magazines,

- (d) find the probability that the student reads C . (2)
- (e) Determine whether or not reading magazine B and reading magazine C are statistically independent. (3)

[illegible]

Hours	1–10	11–20	21–25	26–30	31–40	41–59
Frequency	6	15	11	13	8	3
Mid-point	5.5	15.5		28		50

- A histogram was drawn to represent these data. The 11–20 group was represented by a bar of width 4 cm and height 6 cm.

- (c) Estimate the mean and standard deviation of the time spent watching television by these students. (5)

- (d) Use linear interpolation to estimate the median length of time spent watching television by these students. (2)

The teacher estimated the lower quartile and the upper quartile of the time spent watching television to be 15.8 and 29.3 respectively.

- (e) State, giving a reason, the skewness of these data. (2)

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

6. A travel agent sells flights to different destinations from *Beerow* airport. The distance d , measured in 100 km, of the destination from the airport and the fare $\pounds f$ are recorded for a random sample of 6 destinations.

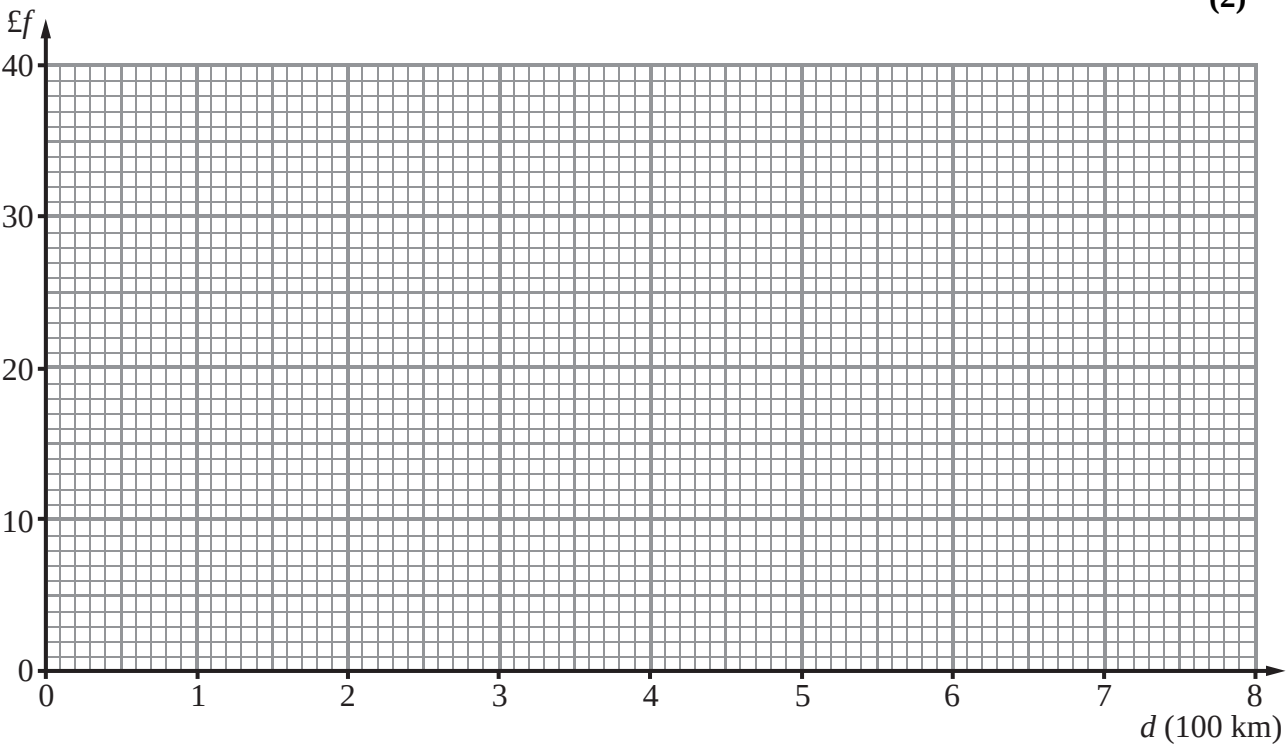
Destination	A	B	C	D	E	F
d	2.2	4.0	6.0	2.5	8.0	5.0
f	18	20	25	23	32	28

[You may use $\sum d^2 = 152.09$ $\sum f^2 = 3686$ $\sum fd = 723.1$]

- (a) Using the axes below, complete a scatter diagram to illustrate this information. (2)
- (b) Explain why a linear regression model may be appropriate to describe the relationship between f and d . (1)
- (c) Calculate S_{dd} and S_{fd} (4)
- (d) Calculate the equation of the regression line of f on d giving your answer in the form $f = a + bd$. (4)
- (e) Give an interpretation of the value of b . (1)

Jane is planning her holiday and wishes to fly from *Beerow* airport to a destination t km away. A rival travel agent charges 5p per km.

- (f) Find the range of values of t for which the first travel agent is cheaper than the rival. (2)



- (3)**

- (3)**

- (1)

$$h = Q_1 - 1.5 \times (Q_3 - Q_1) \quad \text{and} \quad k = Q_3 + 1.5 \times (Q_3 - Q_1)$$

- (2)

(3)

[illegible]

(Total 12 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

END

