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Pearson
Edexcel GCE

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Statistics S1

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Wednesday 15 June 2016 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference

6683/01

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Pink)

Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Values from the statistical tables should be quoted in full. When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Question 1 continued

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2. The discrete random variable X has the following probability distribution, where p and q are constants.

x	-2	-1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	2
$P(X = x)$	p	q	0.2	0.3	p

- (a) Write down an equation in p and q (1)

Given that $E(X) = 0.4$

- (b) find the value of q (3)

- (c) hence find the value of p (2)

Given also that $E(X^2) = 2.275$

- (d) find $\text{Var}(X)$ (2)

Sarah and Rebecca play a game.

A computer selects a single value of X using the probability distribution above.

Sarah's score is given by the random variable $S = X$ and Rebecca's score is given by the random variable $R = \frac{1}{X}$

- (e) Find $E(R)$ (3)

Sarah and Rebecca work out their scores and the person with the higher score is the winner. If the scores are the same, the game is a draw.

- (f) Find the probability that
- (i) Sarah is the winner,
- (ii) Rebecca is the winner. (4)



Question 2 continued

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Question 3 continued

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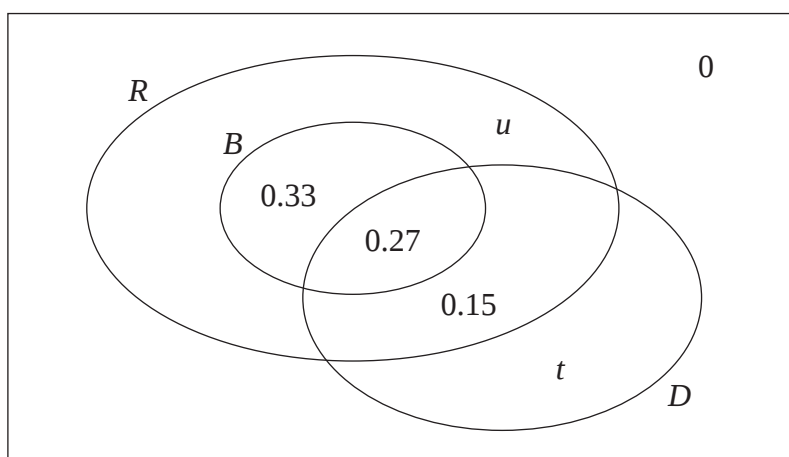
4. The Venn diagram shows the probabilities of customer bookings at Harry's hotel.

R is the event that a customer books a room

B is the event that a customer books breakfast

D is the event that a customer books dinner

u and t are probabilities.



- (a) Write down the probability that a customer books breakfast but does not book a room. (1)

Given that the events B and D are independent

- (b) find the value of t (4)

- (c) hence find the value of u (2)

- (d) Find (4)
- (i) $P(D|R \cap B)$
- (ii) $P(D|R \cap B')$

A coach load of 77 customers arrive at Harry's hotel.

Of these 77 customers

40 have booked a room and breakfast

37 have booked a room without breakfast

- (e) Estimate how many of these 77 customers will book dinner. (2)



Question 4 continued

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5. A midwife records the weights, in kg, of a sample of 50 babies born at a hospital. Her results are given in the table below.

Weight (w kg)	Frequency (f)	Weight midpoint (x)
$0 \leq w < 2$	1	1
$2 \leq w < 3$	8	2.5
$3 \leq w < 3.5$	17	3.25
$3.5 \leq w < 4$	17	3.75
$4 \leq w < 5$	7	4.5

[You may use $\sum fx^2 = 611.375$]

A histogram has been drawn to represent these data.

The bar representing the weight $2 \leq w < 3$ has a width of 1 cm and a height of 4 cm.

- (a) Calculate the width and height of the bar representing a weight of $3 \leq w < 3.5$ (3)
- (b) Use linear interpolation to estimate the median weight of these babies. (2)
- (c) (i) Show that an estimate of the mean weight of these babies is 3.43 kg.
(ii) Find an estimate of the standard deviation of the weights of these babies. (3)

Shyam decides to model the weights of babies born at the hospital, by the random variable W , where $W \sim N(3.43, 0.65^2)$

- (d) Find $P(W < 3)$ (3)
- (e) With reference to your answers to (b), (c)(i) and (d) comment on Shyam's decision. (3)

A newborn baby weighing 3.43 kg is born at the hospital.

- (f) Without carrying out any further calculations, state, giving a reason, what effect the addition of this newborn baby to the sample would have on your estimate of the
- (i) mean,
- (ii) standard deviation. (3)

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Question 5 continued

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- (c) find $P(W < \mu - 30 \mid W < \mu)$
- (3)**

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Question 6 continued

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