

ADVANCED GCE MATHEMATICS (MEI)

4754A

Applications of Advanced Mathematics (C4) Paper A

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet

OCR Supplied Materials:

- 8 page Answer Booklet
- MEI Examination Formulae and Tables (MF2)

Other Materials Required:

None

Friday 15 January 2010 Afternoon

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not write in the bar codes.
- You are permitted to use a graphical calculator in this paper.
- Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- You are advised that an answer may receive no marks unless you show sufficient detail of the working to
 indicate that a correct method is being used.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- This document consists of 4 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

NOTE

• This paper will be followed by Paper B: Comprehension.

Section A (36 marks)

- Find the first three terms in the binomial expansion of $\frac{1+2x}{(1-2x)^2}$ in ascending powers of x. State the set of values of x for which the expansion is valid. [7]
- 2 Show that $\cot 2\theta = \frac{1 \tan^2 \theta}{2 \tan \theta}$.

Hence solve the equation

$$\cot 2\theta = 1 + \tan \theta \quad \text{for } 0^{\circ} < \theta < 360^{\circ}.$$
 [7]

3 A curve has parametric equations

$$x = e^{2t}, \quad y = \frac{2t}{1+t}.$$

- (i) Find the gradient of the curve at the point where t = 0. [6]
- (ii) Find y in terms of x. [2]
- 4 The points A, B and C have coordinates (1, 3, -2), (-1, 2, -3) and (0, -8, 1) respectively.
 - (i) Find the vectors \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{AC} . [2]
 - (ii) Show that the vector $2\mathbf{i} \mathbf{j} 3\mathbf{k}$ is perpendicular to the plane ABC. Hence find the equation of the plane ABC. [5]
- 5 (i) Verify that the lines $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ meet at the point (1, 3, 2).
 - (ii) Find the acute angle between the lines. [4]

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Section B (36 marks)

In Fig. 6, OAB is a thin bent rod, with OA = a metres, AB = b metres and angle OAB = 120° . The bent rod lies in a vertical plane. OA makes an angle θ above the horizontal. The vertical height BD of B above O is h metres. The horizontal through A meets BD at C and the vertical through A meets OD at E.

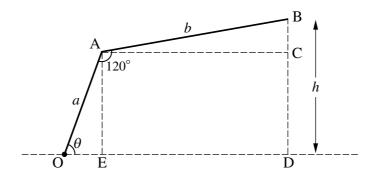


Fig. 6

(i) Find angle BAC in terms of θ . Hence show that

$$h = a\sin\theta + b\sin(\theta - 60^{\circ}).$$
 [3]

(ii) Hence show that
$$h = (a + \frac{1}{2}b)\sin\theta - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}b\cos\theta$$
. [3]

The rod now rotates about O, so that θ varies. You may assume that the formulae for h in parts (i) and (ii) remain valid.

(iii) Show that OB is horizontal when
$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}b}{2a+b}$$
. [3]

In the case when a = 1 and b = 2, $h = 2 \sin \theta - \sqrt{3} \cos \theta$.

(iv) Express $2 \sin \theta - \sqrt{3} \cos \theta$ in the form $R \sin(\theta - \alpha)$. Hence, for this case, write down the maximum value of h and the corresponding value of θ . [7]

[Question 7 is printed overleaf.]

Fig. 7 illustrates the growth of a population with time. The proportion of the ultimate (long term) population is denoted by x, and the time in years by t. When t = 0, x = 0.5, and as t increases, x approaches 1.

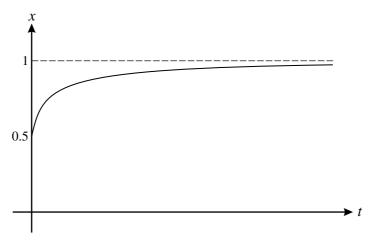


Fig. 7

One model for this situation is given by the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} = x(1-x).$$

- (i) Verify that $x = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-t}}$ satisfies this differential equation, including the initial condition. [6]
- (ii) Find how long it will take, according to this model, for the population to reach three-quarters of its ultimate value. [3]

An alternative model for this situation is given by the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} = x^2(1-x),$$

with x = 0.5 when t = 0 as before.

(iii) Find constants A, B and C such that
$$\frac{1}{x^2(1-x)} = \frac{A}{x^2} + \frac{B}{x} + \frac{C}{1-x}.$$
 [4]

(iv) Hence show that
$$t = 2 + \ln\left(\frac{x}{1-x}\right) - \frac{1}{x}$$
. [5]

(v) Find how long it will take, according to this model, for the population to reach three-quarters of its ultimate value. [2]



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ADVANCED GCE MATHEMATICS (MEI)

4754B

Applications of Advanced Mathematics (C4) Paper B: Comprehension

Candidates answer on the Question Paper

OCR Supplied Materials:

- Insert (inserted)
- MEI Examination Formulae and Tables (MF2)

Other Materials Required:

Rough paper

Friday 15 January 2010 Afternoon

Duration: Up to 1 hour



Candidate Forename				Candidate Surname			
Centre Numb	ber			Candidate N	umber		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided, however additional paper may be used if necessary.
- You are permitted to use a graphical calculator in this paper.
- Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The insert contains the text for use with the questions.
- You may find it helpful to make notes and do some calculations as you read the passage.
- You are not required to hand in these notes with your question paper.
- You are advised that an answer may receive no marks unless you show sufficient detail of the working to indicate that a correct method is being used.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 18.
- This document consists of 4 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Examine	er's Use Only:
1	
2	
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Using lines 143 to 146, write out the first 16 letters of the plaintext message the ciphertext message on lines 97 to 101. Table 4 shows an encoding cipher. Complete the table below to show participher. Ciphertext A B C D E Plaintext	decoding cipher in					and 37,	write de			
Table 4 shows an encoding cipher. Complete the table below to show pricipher.					ers of the	e plainte	kt messa	ge corr	espondi	in
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			ncoded f	Form of t	he letter	A is <i>N</i> '. (Give two	reasor	s why t	th
			ncoded f	Form of t	he letter	A is N'.	Give two	reasor	s why t	th
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	Lines 105 and 106	ion.	ogether, t							

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A long passage is encoded using the Vigenère cipher with keyword ODE . Write down different ways in which the plaintext word AND could appear in the ciphertext. A passage of plaintext is encoded by using the Caesar cipher corresponding to a shift of 2 platfollowed by the Vigenère cipher with keyword ODE . (i) The first letter in the plaintext passage is F. Show that the first letter in the transmitted to is V. (ii) The first four letters in the transmitted text are VFIU. What are the first four letters in the ciphertext.	leng	es 107 and 108 say 'a keyword of length 2 would form a less secure cipher than one of th 4'. Explain why this is true.
A long passage is encoded using the Vigenère cipher with keyword ODE . Write down the different ways in which the plaintext word AND could appear in the ciphertext. A passage of plaintext is encoded by using the Caesar cipher corresponding to a shift of 2 place followed by the Vigenère cipher with keyword ODE . (i) The first letter in the plaintext passage is F. Show that the first letter in the transmitted to is V. (ii) The first four letters in the transmitted text are VFIU. What are the first four letters in the content of the conte		
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(ii) The first four letters in the transmitted text are VFIU. What are the first four letters in	(i)	is V .
	(ii)	
(iii) The 800th letter in the transmitted text is W. What is the 800th letter in the plaintext passag	(;;;)	The 800th letter in the transmitted text is W What is the 800th letter in the plaintext passage.

THERE ARE NO QUESTIONS PRINTED ON THIS PAGE.



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